

POLICY NAME: COUNCILLOR EXPENSES AND FACILITIES
POLICY REF: C04
MEETING ADOPTED:
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POLICY SUMMARY

This policy enables the reasonable and appropriate reimbursement of expenses and provision of facilities to councillors to help them undertake their civic duties. It ensures accountability and transparency, and seeks to align councillor expenses and facilities with community expectations. Councillors must not obtain private or political benefit from any expense or facility provided under this policy.

The policy has been prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1993* (the Act) and *Local Government (General) Regulation 2005* (the Regulation), and complies with the Office of Local Government's Guidelines for the payment of expenses and provision of facilities to Mayors and Councillors in NSW.

The policy sets out the maximum amounts council will pay for specific expenses and facilities. Expenses not explicitly addressed in this policy will not be paid or reimbursed. The main expenses and facilities are summarised in the table below. All monetary amounts are exclusive of GST.

Expense or facility	Maximum amount	Frequency
General travel expenses	\$3,000 per councillor \$6,000 for the mayor	Per year
Interstate, overseas and long distance intrastate travel expenses	Included in general travel expenses	Per year
Accommodation and meals	As per the Australian Taxation Office reasonable travel allowances, adjusted annually, based on the top salary threshold. Refer to Appendix III	Per meal/night
Professional development	\$5,000 per councillor inclusive of travel expenses	Per year
Conferences and seminars		Per year
ICT expenses	\$80 per councillor, excluding hardware provided by Council, as determined by the general manager	Per month
Carer expenses	\$2,000 per councillor	Per year
Home office expenses	\$1,000 per councillor	Per year
Postage stamps	Nil	Per year
Christmas or festive cards	Nil per councillor \$100 for the mayor	Per year
Access to facilities in a Councillor common room	Provided to all councillors	Not relevant
Council vehicle and fuel card	Provided to the mayor	Not relevant
Reserved parking space at Council offices	Provided to the mayor	Not relevant
Furnished office	Provided to the mayor	Not relevant
Number of exclusive staff supporting Mayor and Councillors	Provided to the mayor and councillors	Not relevant
Joint Regional Planning Panel	\$600 per councillor	Per meeting

9.6 Policy (Review) - Councillor Expenses and Facilities

Additional costs incurred by a councillor in excess of these limits are considered a personal expense that is the responsibility of the councillor.

Councillors must provide claims for reimbursement within three months of an expense being incurred. Claims made after this time cannot be approved.

Detailed reports on the provision of expenses and facilities to councillors will be publicly tabled at a council meeting every six months and published in full on council's website. These reports will include expenditure summarised by individual councillor and as a total for all councillors.

PART A – INTRODUCTION

1. Introduction

- 1.1. The provision of expenses and facilities enables councillors to fulfil their civic duties as the elected representatives of Ballina Shire Council.
- 1.2. The community is entitled to know the extent of expenses paid to councillors, as well as the facilities provided.
- 1.3. The purpose of this policy is to clearly state the facilities and support that are available to councillors to assist them in fulfilling their civic duties.
- 1.4. Council staff are empowered to question or refuse a request for payment from a councillor when it does not accord with this policy.
- 1.5. Expenses and facilities provided by this policy are in addition to fees paid to councillors. The minimum and maximum fees a council may pay each councillor are set by the Local Government Remuneration Tribunal as per Section 241 of the Act and reviewed annually. Council must adopt its annual fees within this set range.

2. Policy Objectives

- 2.1 The objectives of this policy are to:
 - enable the reasonable and appropriate reimbursement of expenses incurred by councillors while undertaking their civic duties
 - enable facilities of a reasonable and appropriate standard to be provided to councillors to support them in undertaking their civic duties
 - ensure accountability and transparency in reimbursement of expenses and provision of facilities to councillors
 - ensure facilities and expenses provided to councillors meet community expectations
 - support a diversity of representation
 - fulfil the council's statutory responsibilities.

3. Principles

- 3.1 Council commits to the following principles:
 - **Proper conduct:** councillors and staff acting lawfully and honestly, exercising care and diligence in carrying out their functions
 - **Reasonable expenses:** providing for councillors to be reimbursed for expenses reasonably incurred as part of their role as councillor
 - **Participation and access:** enabling people from diverse backgrounds, underrepresented groups, those in carer roles and those with special needs to serve as a Councillor
 - **Equity:** there must be equitable access to expenses and facilities for all councillors
 - **Appropriate use of resources:** providing clear direction on the appropriate use of council resources in accordance with legal requirements and community expectations
 - **Accountability and transparency:** clearly stating and reporting on the expenses and facilities provided to councillors.

4. Private or political benefit

- 4.1 Councillors must not obtain private or political benefit from any expense or facility provided under this policy.
- 4.2 Private use of council equipment and facilities by councillors may occur from time to time. For example, telephoning home to advise that a council meeting will run later than expected.
- 4.3 Such incidental private use does not require a compensatory payment back to council.
- 4.4 Councillors should avoid obtaining any greater private benefit from Council than an incidental benefit. Where there are unavoidable circumstances and more substantial private use of council facilities does occur, councillors must reimburse the council.
- 4.5 Campaigns for re-election are considered to be a political benefit. The following are examples of what is considered to be a political interest during a re-election campaign:
 - production of election material
 - use of council resources and equipment for campaigning
 - use of official council letterhead, publications, websites or services for political benefit
 - fundraising activities of political parties or individuals, including political fundraising events.

PART B – EXPENSES**5. General expenses**

- 5.1 All expenses provided under this policy will be for a purpose specific to the functions of holding civic office. Allowances for general expenses are not permitted under this policy.
- 5.2 Expenses not explicitly addressed in this policy will not be paid or reimbursed.

6. Specific Expenses**General travel arrangements and expenses**

- 6.1 All travel by councillors should be undertaken using the most direct route and the most practicable and economical mode of transport.
- 6.2 Each councillor may be reimbursed up to a total of \$3,000 per year, and the mayor may be reimbursed up to a total of \$6,000 per year, for travel expenses incurred while undertaking official business. This includes reimbursement:
- for public transport fares
 - for the use of a private vehicle or hire car
 - for parking costs for Council and other meetings
 - for tolls
 - by Cabcharge card or equivalent
 - for documented ride-share programs, such as Uber, where tax invoices can be issued.
 - for entry fees or cover charges
 - where a partner or accompanying person could reasonably be expected to attend, Council will meet their reasonable expenses such as the entry fee or cover charge.

The general manager, in consultation with the mayor, shall prepare a weekly list of approved meetings / events / functions for which travel by councillors may be reimbursed. Councillors who wish an event to be included on this list should forward details to the general manager a minimum of one week in advance.

The general travel arrangements and expenses limits of \$3,000 and \$6,000 are separate to the \$5,000 limits as per Clauses 6.24 and 6.30.

- 6.3 Allowances for the use of a private vehicle will be reimbursed by kilometre at the rate determined by the Australian Taxation Office.
- 6.4 Councillors seeking to be reimbursed for use of a private vehicle must submit a claim to Council that records the date, distance and purpose of travel being claimed. The claim must be in the form provided by the General Manger for all travel expenses incurred.

Interstate, overseas and long distance intrastate travel expenses

- 6.5 Given Council's location near an interstate border, travel to south-east Queensland will be considered as general travel. Arrangements and expenses for this travel will be governed by Clauses 6.1-6.4.
- 6.6 In accordance with Section 4, Council will scrutinise the value and need for councillors to undertake overseas travel. Councils should avoid interstate, overseas and long

distance intrastate trips unless direct and tangible benefits can be established for the council and the local community. This includes travel to sister and friendship cities.

- 6.7 Total interstate, overseas and long distance intrastate travel expenses for all councillors will be capped at a maximum of \$3,000 per year, per councillor, which is inclusive of the \$3,000 councillor allowance and \$6,000 for the mayor in Clause 6.2. This means a total of \$3,000 per councillor and \$6,000 for the mayor is available per annum for general travel and other expenses.
- 6.8 Councillors seeking approval for any interstate and long distance intrastate travel must submit a case to, and obtain the approval of, the general manager prior to travel.
- 6.9 Councillors seeking approval for any overseas travel must submit a case to, and obtain the approval of, a full council meeting prior to travel.
- 6.10 The case should include:
- objectives to be achieved in travel, including an explanation of how the travel aligns with current council priorities and business, the community benefits which will accrue as a result, and its relevance to the exercise of the councillor's civic duties
 - who is to take part in the travel
 - duration and itinerary of travel
 - a detailed budget including a statement of any amounts expected to be reimbursed by the participant/s.
- 6.11 For interstate and long distance intrastate journeys by air of less than three hours, the class of air travel is to be economy class.
- 6.12 For interstate journeys by air of more than three hours, the class of air travel may be premium economy.
- 6.13 For international travel, the class of air travel is to be premium economy if available. Otherwise, the class of travel is to be economy.
- 6.14 Bookings for approved air travel are to be made through the general manager's office.
- 6.15 For air travel that is reimbursed as council business, councillors will not accrue points from the airline's frequent flyer program. This is considered a private benefit.

Travel expenses not paid by Council

- 6.16 Council will not pay any traffic or parking fines or administrative charges for road toll accounts.

Accommodation and meals

- 6.17 In circumstances where it would introduce undue risk for a councillor to travel to or from official business in the late evening or early morning, reimbursement of costs for accommodation and meals on the night before or after the meeting may be approved by the general manager. This includes where a meeting finishes later than 9.00pm or starts earlier than 7.00am and the councillor lives more than 50 kilometres from the meeting location.
- 6.18 Council will reimburse costs for accommodation and meals while councillors are attending approved professional development activities and conferences.
- 6.19 The daily limits for accommodation and meal expenses within Australia are to be consistent with those set out by the Australian Taxation Office in their annual Taxation Determination in respect to reasonable travel allowances, as adjusted annually.
- 6.20 The daily limits for accommodation and meal expenses outside Australia are to be determined in advance by the elected council, being mindful of Clause 6.19.
- 6.21 Councillors will not be reimbursed for alcoholic beverages.

Refreshments for council related meetings

- 6.22 Appropriate refreshments will be available for council meetings, council committee meetings, councillor briefings, approved meetings and engagements, and official council functions as approved by the general manager.
- 6.23 As an indicative guide for the standard of refreshments to be provided at council related meetings, the general manager must be mindful of Part B Monetary Rates of the NSW Crown Employees (Public Service Conditions of Employment) Reviewed Award 2009, as adjusted annually.

Professional development

- 6.24 Council will allow a total of \$5,000 (which includes funding provided for professional development, conferences and seminars as per point 6.30) per councillor annually to facilitate professional development of councillors through programs, training, education courses and membership of professional bodies. This allowance excludes induction training and corporate training as outlined in clauses 6.25 and 6.26.
- 6.25 In the first year of a new council term, Council will provide a comprehensive induction program for all councillors, as determined by the general manager, which considers any guidelines issued by the Office of Local Government (OLG). The cost of the induction program will be in addition to the ongoing professional development allowance mentioned in clause 6.24.
- 6.26 In addition to the induction program mentioned in clause 6.25, to assist Councillors in undertaking desirable training as identified in Council's Councillor Training and Development Policy, the General Manager will co-ordinate training annually, that will be provided locally to assist Councillors in attending that training. The cost of this training will be in addition to the ongoing professional development allowance mentioned in clause 6.24.
- 6.27 Annual membership of professional bodies will only be covered where the membership is relevant to the exercise of the councillor's civic duties, the councillor actively participates in the body and the cost of membership is likely to be fully offset by savings from attending events as a member.
- 6.28 Approval for professional development activities is subject to a prior written request to the general manager outlining the:
- details of the proposed professional development

- relevance to council priorities and business
- relevance to the exercise of the councillor's civic duties.

6.29 In assessing a councillor request for a professional development activity, the general manager must consider the factors set out in Clause 6.27, as well as the cost of the professional development in relation to the councillor's remaining budget.

Conferences and seminars

6.30 Council is committed to ensuring its councillors are up to date with contemporary issues facing council and the community, and local government in NSW.

6.31 Council will allow \$5,000 (which includes funding provided for professional development, conferences and seminars as per point 6.24) per councillor annually to facilitate councillor attendance at conferences and seminars.

6.32 Approval to attend a conference or seminar is subject to a written request to the general manager. In assessing a councillor request, the general manager must consider factors including the:

- relevance of the topics and presenters to current council priorities and business and the exercise of the councillor's civic duties
- cost of the conference or seminar in relation to the total remaining allowance per Councillor.

6.33 Council will meet the reasonable cost of registration fees, transportation and accommodation associated with attendance at conferences approved by the general manager. Council will also meet the reasonable cost of meals when they are not included in the conference fees. Reimbursement for accommodation and meals not included in the conference fees will be subject to Clauses 6.18-6.21.

Information and communications technology (ICT) expenses

6.34 Council will ~~provide or~~ reimburse councillors for expenses associated with data and home internet costs up to a limit of \$80 per month ~~appropriate ICT devices and services~~ annum for each councillor. ~~This may include mobile phones and tablets, mobile phone and tablet services and.~~

6.35 ~~Reimbursements will be made only for communications devices and services used for councillors to undertake their civic duties, such as:~~

- ~~receiving and reading council business papers~~
- ~~relevant phone calls and correspondence~~
- ~~diary and appointment management.~~

6.36 ~~Councillors may seek reimbursement for applications on their mobile electronic communication device that are directly related to their duties as a councillor, within the maximum limit.~~

Special requirement and carer expenses

Council encourages wide participation and interest in civic office. It will seek to ensure council premises and associated facilities are accessible, including provision for sight or hearing impaired councillors and those with other disabilities.

6.35 Transportation provisions outlined in this policy will also assist councillors who may be unable to drive a vehicle.

6.36 In addition to the provisions above, the general manager may authorise the provision of reasonable additional facilities and expenses in order to allow a councillor with a disability to perform their civic duties.

- 6.37 Councillors who are the principal carer of a child or other elderly, disabled and/or sick immediate family member will be entitled to reimbursement of carer's expenses up to a maximum of \$2,000 per annum for attendance at official business, plus reasonable travel from the principal place of residence.
- 6.38 Child care expenses may be claimed for children up to and including the age of 16 years where the carer is not a relative.
- 6.39 In the event of caring for an adult person, councillors will need to provide suitable evidence to the general manager that reimbursement is applicable. This may take the form of advice from a medical practitioner.

Home office expenses

- 6.40 Each councillor may be reimbursed up to ~~\$1,000~~ \$500 per year for costs associated with the maintenance of a home office such as minor items of consumable stationery, and printer ink cartridges.
- 6.41 The general manager is entitled to authorise council staff to attend a councillor's residence to assist in resolving a council related matter. However this approval can only be given in the following circumstances:
- the councillor must declare that the matter is directly related to council business; and
 - the general manager has assessed that the issue can be resolved relatively quickly; and
 - there will be no additional expense incurred by council in providing that assistance; and
 - the work environment must be considered safe from work health and safety perspective; and
 - the general manager is of the opinion that the use of the council staff resource is the quickest and most effective method to resolve the matter.

7. Insurances

- 7.1 In accordance with Section 382 of the Local Government Act, Council is insured against public liability and professional indemnity claims. Councillors are included as a named insured on this Policy.
- 7.2 Insurance protection is only provided if a claim arises out of or in connection with the councillor's performance of his or her civic duties, or exercise of his or her functions as a councillor. All insurances are subject to any limitations or conditions set out in the policies of insurance.
- 7.3 Council shall pay the insurance policy excess in respect of any claim accepted by council's insurers, whether defended or not.
- 7.4 Appropriate travel insurances will be provided for any councillors travelling on approved interstate and overseas travel on council business.

8. Legal assistance

- 8.1 Council may, if requested, indemnify or reimburse the reasonable legal expenses of:
- a councillor defending an action arising from the performance in good faith of a function under the Local Government Act provided that the outcome of the legal proceedings is favourable to the councillor
 - a councillor defending an action in defamation, provided the statements complained of were made in good faith in the course of exercising a function under the Act and the outcome of the legal proceedings is favourable to the councillor

- a councillor for proceedings before an appropriate investigative or review body, provided the subject of the proceedings arises from the performance in good faith of a function under the Act and the matter has proceeded past any initial assessment phase to a formal investigation or review and the investigative or review body makes a finding substantially favourable to the councillor.
- 8.2 In the case of a code of conduct complaint made against a councillor, legal costs will only be made available where the matter has been referred by the general manager to a conduct reviewer and the conduct reviewer has commenced a formal investigation of the matter and makes a finding substantially favourable to the councillor.
- 8.3 Legal expenses incurred in relation to proceedings arising out of the performance by a councillor of his or her functions under the Act are distinguished from expenses incurred in relation to proceedings arising merely from something that a councillor has done during his or her term in office. For example, expenses arising from an investigation as to whether a councillor acted corruptly would not be covered by this section.
- 8.4 Council will not meet the legal costs:
- of legal proceedings initiated by a councillor under any circumstances
 - of a councillor seeking advice in respect of possible defamation, or in seeking a non-litigious remedy for possible defamation
 - for legal proceedings that do not involve a councillor performing their role as a councillor.
- 8.5 Reimbursement of expenses for reasonable legal expenses must have Council approval by way of a resolution at a council meeting prior to costs being incurred.

PART C – FACILITIES

9. General facilities for all councillors

Facilities

- 9.1 Council will provide the following facilities to councillors to assist them to effectively discharge their civic duties:
- a councillor meeting room appropriately furnished to include telephone, computer terminal and pigeon holes and appropriate refreshments
 - access to shared car parking spaces while attending council offices on official business
 - personal protective equipment for use during site visits
 - a name badge which may be worn at official functions, indicating that the wearer holds the office of a councillor and/or mayor or deputy mayor
 - a council blazer
 - Northern Star newspaper delivered to their home each day or made available at a mutually convenient point should a home delivery service not be available, or an on-line subscription to the Northern Star, whichever method is chosen.
 - Information technology equipment detailed in Appendix IV – Information Technology Facilities for Councillors
- 9.2 Councillors may book meeting rooms for official business in a specified council building at no cost. Rooms may be booked through a specified officer in the mayor's office or other specified staff member.
- 9.3 The provision of facilities will be of a standard deemed by the general manager as appropriate for the purpose.

Stationery

- 9.4 Council will provide the following stationery to councillors each year:
- letterhead, to be used only for correspondence associated with civic duties
 - business cards
 - Nil for ordinary postage stamps
 - Nil for Christmas or festive cards per year for councillors and up to \$100 for the mayor.

Administrative support

- 9.5 Council will provide administrative support to councillors to assist them with their civic duties only. Administrative support may be provided by staff in the mayor's office or by a member of council's administrative staff as arranged by the general manager or their delegate.
- 9.6 As per Section 4, council staff are expected to assist councillors with civic duties only, and not assist with matters of personal or political interest, including campaigning.

10. Additional facilities for the mayor

- 10.1. Council will provide to the mayor a maintained vehicle to a similar standard of other council vehicles, with a fuel card. The vehicle will be supplied for use on business, professional development and attendance at the mayor's office.
- 10.2. The mayor must keep a log book setting out the date, distance and purpose of all travel, when requested by the general manager. This must include any travel for private benefit.
- 10.3. The mayor must make a monetary contribution to cover the cost of any private travel either through the direct payment of fuel or calculated on a per kilometre basis by the rate set by the Australian Taxation Office.
- 10.4. A parking space at council's offices will be reserved for the mayor's council-issued vehicle for use on official business, professional development and attendance at the mayor's office.
- 10.5. Council will provide the mayor with a furnished office incorporating a computer configured to council's standard operating environment, telephone and meeting space.
- 10.6. In performing his or her civic duties, the mayor will be assisted by a small number of staff providing administrative and secretarial support, as determined by the general manager.
- 10.7. The number of exclusive staff provided to support the mayor and councillors will not exceed 0.2 full time equivalents.
- 10.8. As per Section 4, staff in the mayor's office are expected to work on official business only, and not for matters of personal or political interest, including campaigning.
- 10.9. Council will provide the mayor an additional home telephone line, and rental thereon, if requested.
- 10.10. Council will provide the mayor with an annual Qantas Club Membership.

PART D – PROCESSES

11. Approval, payment and reimbursement arrangements

- 11.1 Expenses should only be incurred by councillors in accordance with the provisions of this policy.
- 11.2 Approval for incurring expenses, or for the reimbursement of such expenses, should be obtained before the expense is incurred.
- 11.3 Up to the maximum limits specified in this policy, approval for the following may be sought after the expense is incurred:
 - local travel relating to the conduct of official business
 - carer costs
 - ICT expenditure.
- 11.4 Final approval for payments made under this policy will be granted by the general manager or their delegate.

Direct payment

- 11.5 Council may approve and directly pay expenses. Requests for direct payment must be submitted to the general manager for assessment against this policy using the prescribed form, with sufficient information and time to allow for the claim to be assessed and processed.

Reimbursement

- 11.6 All claims for reimbursement of expenses incurred must be made on the prescribed form, supported by appropriate receipts and/or tax invoices and be submitted to the general manager.

Advance payment

- 11.7 Council may pay a cash advance for councillors attending approved conferences, seminars or professional development.
- 11.8 The maximum value of a cash advance is \$100 per day of the conference, seminar or professional development to a maximum of \$400.
- 11.9 Requests for advance payment must be submitted to the general manager for assessment against this policy using the prescribed form with sufficient information and time to allow for the claim to be assessed and processed.
- 11.10 Councillors must fully reconcile all expenses against the cost of the advance within one month of incurring the cost and/or returning home. This includes providing to council:
 - 11.11 a full reconciliation of all expenses including appropriate receipts and/or tax invoices
 - 11.12 reimbursement of any amount of the advance payment not spent in attending to official business or professional development.

Notification

- 11.13 If a claim is approved, council will make payment directly or reimburse the councillor through accounts payable.
- 11.14 If a claim is refused, council will inform the councillor in writing that the claim has been refused and the reason for the refusal.

Reimbursement to council

- 11.15 If council has incurred an expense on behalf of a councillor that exceeds a maximum limit, exceeds reasonable incidental private use or is not provided for in this policy:
- 11.16 council will invoice the councillor for the expense
- 11.17 the councillor will reimburse council for that expense within 14 days of the invoice date.
- 11.18 If the councillor cannot reimburse council within 14 days of the invoice date, they are to submit a written explanation to the general manager. The general manager may elect to deduct the amount from the councillor's allowance.

Timeframe for reimbursement

- 11.19 Unless otherwise specified in this policy, councillors must provide all claims for reimbursement within three months of an expense being incurred. Claims made after this time cannot be approved.

12. Disputes

- 12.1 If a councillor disputes a determination under this policy, the councillor should discuss the matter with the general manager.
- 12.2 If the councillor and the general manager cannot resolve the dispute, the councillor may submit a notice of motion to a council meeting seeking to have the dispute resolved.

13. Return or retention of facilities

- 13.1 All unexpended facilities or equipment supplied under this policy are to be relinquished immediately upon a councillor or mayor ceasing to hold office or at the cessation of their civic duties.
- 13.2 Should a councillor desire to keep any equipment allocated by council, then this policy enables the councillor to make application to the general manager to purchase any such equipment. The general manager will determine an agreed fair market price or written down value for the item of equipment.
- 13.3 The prices for all equipment purchased by councillors under Clause 13.2 will be recorded in Council's annual report.

14. Publication

- 14.1 This policy will be published on council's website.

15. Reporting

- 15.1 Council will report on the provision of expenses and facilities to councillors as required in the Act and Regulations.
- 15.2 Detailed reports on the provision of expenses and facilities to councillors will be publicly tabled at a council meeting every six months and published in full on council's website. These reports will include expenditure summarised by individual councillor and as a total for all councillors.

16. Auditing

- 16.1 The operation of this policy, including claims made under the policy, will be included in council's audit program and an audit undertaken at least every two years.

9.6 Policy (Review) - Councillor Expenses and Facilities

17. Breaches

- 17.1 Suspected breaches of this policy are to be reported to the general manager.
- 17.2 Alleged breaches of this policy shall be dealt with by following the processes outlined for breaches of the Code of Conduct, as detailed in the Code and in the Procedures for the Administration of the Code.

PART E – APPENDICES

Appendix I: Related legislation, guidance and policies

Relevant legislation and guidance:

- Local Government Act 1993, Sections 252 and 253
- Local Government (General) Regulation 2005, Clauses 217 and 403
- Guidelines for the payment of expenses and the provision of facilities for Mayors and Councillors in NSW, 2009
- Local Government Circular 09-36 Guidelines for Payment of Expenses and Facilities
- Local Government Circular 05-08 legal assistance for Councillors and Council Employees.

Related Council policies:

- Code of Conduct
- Councillor Training and Development Policy

Appendix II: Definitions

The following definitions apply throughout this policy.

Term	Definition
accompanying person	Means a spouse, partner or de facto or other person who has a close personal relationship with or provides carer support to a councillor
appropriate refreshments	Means food and beverages provided by council to support councillors undertaking official business
Act	Means the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> (NSW)
clause	Unless stated otherwise, a reference to a clause is a reference to a clause of this policy
Code of Conduct	Means the Code of Conduct adopted by Council or the Model Code if none is adopted
Councillor	Means a person elected or appointed to civic office as a member of the governing body of council who is not suspended, including the mayor
General Manager	Means the general manager of Council and includes their delegate or authorised representative
incidental personal use	Means use that is infrequent and brief and use that does not breach this policy or the Code of Conduct
long distance intrastate travel	Means travel to other parts of NSW of more than three hours duration by private vehicle
maximum limit	Means the maximum limit for an expense or facility provided in the text and summarised in Appendix 1
NSW	New South Wales
official business	Means functions that the mayor or councillors are required or invited to attend to fulfil their legislated role and responsibilities for council or result in a direct benefit for council and/or for the local government area, and includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • meetings of council and committees of the whole • meetings of committees facilitated by council • civic receptions hosted or sponsored by council • council co-ordinated events (i.e. Australia day, Citizenship ceremonies) • meetings where a councillor is the appointed council delegate (excluding organisations where travel expenses are paid such as Rous County Council) / representative to an external organisation • civic functions and meetings where asked by the mayor to represent council • meetings with council staff • meetings at the Council Chambers with constituents and • meetings, functions, workshops and other events to which attendance by a councillor has been requested or approved by council

9.6 Policy (Review) - Councillor Expenses and Facilities

Ballina Shire Council

Councillor Expenses and Facilities Policy

professional development	Means a seminar, conference, training course or other development opportunity relevant to the role of a councillor or the mayor
Regulation	Means the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005 (NSW)
year	Means the financial year, that is the 12 month period commencing on 1 July each year

Appendix III: Australian Taxation Office Reasonable Travel Allowances



Australian Government
Australian Taxation Office

Taxation Determination
TD 2020/5

Page status: **legally binding**

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Taxation Determination

Income tax: what are the reasonable travel and overtime meal allowance expense amounts for the 2020–21 income year?

Relying on this Ruling

This publication (excluding appendixes) is a public ruling for the purposes of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953*.

If this Ruling applies to you, and you correctly rely on it, we will apply the law to you in the way set out in the Ruling. That is, you will not pay any more tax or penalties or interest in respect of the matters covered by this Ruling.

Further, if we think that this Ruling disadvantages you, we may apply the law in a way that is more favourable to you.

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Ruling

1. This Determination sets out the amounts that the Commissioner considers are reasonable (reasonable amounts) for the substantiation exception¹ in Subdivision 900-B of

¹ This Determination should be read together with Taxation Ruling TR 2004/6 *Income tax: substantiation exception for reasonable travel and overtime meal allowance expenses* which explains the substantiation exception and the way in which these expenses are able to be claimed.

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the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (ITAA 1997)² for the 2020–21 income year in relation to claims made by employees for:

- overtime meal expenses – for food and drink when working overtime
- domestic travel expenses – for accommodation, food and drink, and incidentals when travelling away from home overnight for work (particular reasonable amounts are given for employee truck drivers, office holders covered by the Remuneration Tribunal and Federal Members of Parliament), and
- overseas travel expenses – for food and drink, and incidentals when travelling overseas for work.

2. The approach outlined can only be used where you receive an allowance to cover the particular expenses you are claiming – for example, you received an accommodation allowance and are claiming accommodation expenses. This Determination is not relevant to you where you do not receive an allowance to cover your expenses.

3. The reasonable amounts only provide the maximum amount you can claim without being required to substantiate your expenditure (refer to paragraph 33 of TR 2004/6). If you rely on the reasonable amounts and the ATO checks your income tax return, you will still be required to show:

- you spent the money in performing your work duties (for example, in travelling away from home overnight on a work trip)
- how you worked out your claim (for example, you kept a diary)
- you spent the money yourself (for example, using your credit card statement or other banking records) and were not reimbursed (for example, a letter from your employer), and
- you correctly declared your allowance as income in your tax return.

Reasonable amount for overtime meal expenses

4. For the 2020–21 income year the reasonable amount for overtime meal expenses is \$31.95.

Example 1

5. *Samantha works for the local government. She is asked to work overtime one night to complete an urgent task. Samantha works her eight-hour day followed by four hours of overtime. Samantha receives an overtime meal allowance of \$14.98 pursuant to her agreement which is shown on her payment summary. During the overtime Samantha takes a rest break to get a meal and returns to continue her overtime. Samantha spends \$20 on her meal.*

6. *Because Samantha has spent less than the reasonable amount for overtime meal expenses, she can claim a deduction for the \$20 she spends and she is not required to substantiate the expenditure (for example, get and keep the receipt for the meal).*

² All legislative references are to the ITAA 1997 unless otherwise indicated.

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7. If Samantha's tax return is checked by the ATO she may be asked to explain her claim for deduction. To do this, Samantha would show that she worked overtime, that she was paid an overtime meal allowance under an industrial instrument, that she correctly declared this allowance as income in her tax return, and that she costed her meal at \$20 based on the cost of the curry and drink she purchased from a nearby Thai restaurant.

8. If Samantha had spent more than the reasonable amount and wanted to claim the higher amount that she spent, she would need to get and keep the receipt for the meal.

9. If Samantha's overtime meal allowance was not shown on her payment summary and she fully spent the allowance, she can choose to leave it out of her tax return and not claim a deduction for the meal she purchases when working overtime.

Reasonable amounts for domestic travel expenses

10. The following reasonable amounts do not apply to employee truck drivers³, office holders covered by the Remuneration Tribunal⁴, or Federal Members of Parliament.⁵

11. Reasonable amounts are provided for three salary levels. Salary excludes any allowances received. Use Table 1 if your salary is \$126,970 and below. Use Table 2 if your salary is between \$126,971 and \$225,980. Use Table 3 if your salary is \$225,981 or more.

12. Reasonable amounts are given for:

- accommodation at daily rates (for domestic travel only)
- meals (showing breakfast, lunch and dinner), and
- expenses incidental to travel.

13. These amounts are shown for the following travel destinations:

- each Australian State and Territory capital city (see Tables 1 to 3 of this Determination)
- certain specified high cost regional and country centres (see Table 4 of this Determination for individual amounts)
- other specified regional and country centres (a common amount is given for locations listed in Table 5 of this Determination), and
- all other regional and country centres (a common amount is given for all locations not listed in Tables 4 or 5 of this Determination).

14. The reasonable amount for accommodation applies only for short stays in commercial establishments like hotels, motels and serviced apartments. If a different type of accommodation is used (for example, a hostel or caravan park), the reasonable amount cannot be used even if you receive an allowance.

³ See paragraphs 23 to 30 of this Determination for the rates for truck drivers.

⁴ Paragraphs 66 to 69 of TR 2004/6 say claims made by office holders covered by the Remuneration Tribunal are considered to be reasonable amounts if they do not exceed the rate of allowances set by the Remuneration Tribunal for that office holder.

⁵ Paragraphs 70 and 71 of TR 2004/6 say travel allowances paid to Federal Members of Parliament and Federal Parliamentary Secretaries, under the arrangements that commenced on 14 April 1998, are considered reasonable amounts for the recipients of those allowances. This includes the capital city and Canberra travel allowance rates for domestic travel, having regard to the circumstances under which those allowances are paid.

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15. The reasonable amount for meals depends on the period and time of travel. That is, the reasonable amounts only apply to meals (that is, breakfast, lunch and dinner) that fall within the time of day from the commencement of your travel to the end of your travel that is covered by the allowance. For example, if you leave at 10.00am on Monday and return home at 3.00pm on Tuesday you can apply the reasonable amounts for lunch and dinner on Monday and breakfast and lunch on Tuesday.

16. The reasonable amount for incidentals applies in full to each day of travel covered by the allowance, without the need to apportion for any part-day travel on the first and last day.

17. The reasonable amounts for domestic travel expenses, according to salary levels and destinations, for the 2020–21 income year, are shown in Tables 1 to 5 of this Determination as follows:

Place	Accomm. (\$)	Food and drink (\$) breakfast 28.70 lunch 32.30 dinner 55.05	Incidentals (\$)	Daily total (\$)
Adelaide	157	as above	20.40	293.45
Brisbane	175	as above	20.40	311.45
Canberra	168	as above	20.40	304.45
Darwin	220	as above	20.40	356.45
Hobart	147	as above	20.40	283.45
Melbourne	173	as above	20.40	309.45
Perth	180	as above	20.40	316.45
Sydney	188	as above	20.40	324.45
High cost country centres	see Table 4	as above	20.40	variable
Tier 2 country centres (see Table 5)	134	breakfast 25.75 lunch 29.35 dinner 50.65	20.40	260.15
Other country centres	114	breakfast 25.75 lunch 29.35 dinner 50.65	20.40	240.15

Place	Accomm. (\$)	Food and drink (\$) breakfast 31.25 lunch 44.25 dinner 61.95	Incidentals (\$)	Daily total (\$)
Adelaide	208	as above	29.20	374.65
Brisbane	257	as above	29.20	423.65
Canberra	246	as above	29.20	412.65
Darwin	293	as above	29.20	459.65
Hobart	196	as above	29.20	362.65
Melbourne	228	as above	29.20	394.65
Perth	245	as above	29.20	411.65
Sydney	251	as above	29.20	417.65

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Place	Accomm. (\$)	Food and drink (\$) breakfast 31.25 lunch 44.25 dinner 61.95	Incidentals (\$)	Daily total (\$)
High cost country centres	see Table 4	as above	29.20	variable
Tier 2 country centres (see Table 5)	152	breakfast 28.70 lunch 29.35 dinner 57.20	29.20	296.45
Other country centres	136	breakfast 28.70 lunch 29.35 dinner 57.20	29.20	280.45

Place	Accomm. (\$)	Food and drink (\$) breakfast 36.80 lunch 52.20 dinner 73.10	Incidentals (\$)	Daily total (\$)
Adelaide	209	as above	29.20	400.30
Brisbane	257	as above	29.20	448.30
Canberra	246	as above	29.20	437.30
Darwin	293	as above	29.20	484.30
Hobart	196	as above	29.20	387.30
Melbourne	265	as above	29.20	456.30
Perth	265	as above	29.20	456.30
Sydney	265	as above	29.20	456.30
All country centres	\$195, or the relevant amount in Table 4 if higher	as above	29.20	variable

Country centre	\$	Country centre	\$
Albany (WA)	179	Kalgoorlie (WA)	172
Alice Springs (NT)	150	Karratha (WA)	215
Ballarat (VIC)	151	Katherine (NT)	158
Bathurst (NSW)	135	Kununurra (WA)	204
Bega (NSW)	145	Launceston (TAS)	141
Benalla (VIC)	140	Mackay (QLD)	161
Bendigo (VIC)	138	Maitland (NSW)	152
Bordertown (SA)	149	Mount Gambier (SA)	140
Bourke (NSW)	165	Mount Isa (QLD)	160

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Bright (VIC)	165	Mudgee (NSW)	150
Broken Hill (NSW)	144	Muswellbrook (NSW)	148
Broome (WA)	220	Newcastle (NSW)	174
Bunbury (WA)	155	Newman (WA)	170
Burnie (TAS)	164	Nhulunbuy (NT)	222
Cairns (QLD)	153	Norfolk Island (NSW)	190
Carnarvon (WA)	156	Northam (WA)	143
Castlemaine (VIC)	146	Orange (NSW)	155
Chinchilla (QLD)	143	Port Hedland (WA)	175
Christmas Island (WA)	190	Port Lincoln (SA)	170
Cocos (Keeling) Islands (WA)	319	Port Macquarie (NSW)	161
Coffs Harbour (NSW)	140	Port Pirie (SA)	150
Colac (VIC)	138	Queanbeyan (NSW)	139
Dalby (QLD)	164	Queenstown (TAS)	136
Dampier (WA)	175	Roma (QLD)	139
Derby (WA)	170	Shepparton (VIC)	148
Devonport (TAS)	158	Swan Hill (VIC)	136
Emerald (QLD)	156	Tennant Creek (NT)	146
Esperance (WA)	160	Toowoomba (QLD)	144
Exmouth (WA)	190	Thursday Island (QLD)	200
Geraldton (WA)	165	Townsville (QLD)	143
Gladstone (QLD)	155	Wagga Wagga (NSW)	144
Gold Coast (QLD)	209	Wangaratta (VIC)	142
Gosford (NSW)	140	Weipa (QLD)	138
Halls Creek (WA)	170	Whyalla (SA)	145
Hervey Bay (QLD)	157	Wilpena-Pound (SA)	193
Horn Island (QLD)	200	Wollongong (NSW)	155
Horsham (VIC)	152	Wonthaggi (VIC)	150
Jabiru (NT)	216	Yulara (NT)	420

Table 5: Tier 2 country centres

Country centre	Country centre
Albury (NSW)	Hamilton (VIC)
Ararat (VIC)	Innisfail (QLD)
Armidale (NSW)	Kadina (SA)
Ayr (QLD)	Kingaroy (QLD)
Bairnsdale (VIC)	Lismore (NSW)
Bundaberg (QLD)	Mildura (VIC)
Ceduna (SA)	Naracoorte (SA)
Charters Towers (QLD)	Nowra (NSW)
Cobar (NSW)	Port Augusta (SA)

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Cooma (NSW)	Portland (VIC)
Cowra (NSW)	Renmark (SA)
Dubbo (NSW)	Rockhampton (QLD)
Echuca (VIC)	Sale (VIC)
Geelong (VIC)	Seymour (VIC)
Goulburn (NSW)	Tamworth (NSW)
Grafton (NSW)	Tumut (NSW)
Griffith (NSW)	Warrnambool (VIC)
Gunnedah (NSW)	Wodonga (VIC)

Example 2

18. Svetlana is an accountant earning \$145,000 a year. As part of her duties, she is required to travel to and work in Sale for four days and three nights each month. Svetlana's employer pays for her accommodation directly and gives her a meal and incidental allowance of \$80 per day for the four days of travel. This allowance is shown on her payment summary. Svetlana's usual pattern is to eat three times a day, spending \$20 on breakfast, \$25 on lunch and \$40 on dinner (that is, a total of \$85 per day). Svetlana calculates the daily reasonable amount for meals and incidentals as follows:

- Table 2 of this Determination applies because Svetlana's salary is between \$126,971 and \$225,980
- Sale is listed as a Tier 2 country in Table 5 of this Determination
- Table 2 of this Determination provides reasonable amounts for Tier 2 country centres as \$115.25 per day for meals and \$29.20 per day for incidentals (that is, a total of \$144.45 per day).

19. Because Svetlana has spent less than the reasonable amount on meals and incidentals, she can claim a deduction for the \$85 per day that she spends on meals and she is not required to substantiate the expenditure (for example, get and keep all of the receipts for the meals). Svetlana cannot claim anything for accommodation because her employer paid for it.

20. If Svetlana's tax return is checked by the ATO she may be asked to explain her claim for deduction. To do this Svetlana would show she travelled to and worked in Sale for four days each month, that she received an allowance for the meals and incidentals for each day she travelled, that she correctly declared this allowance as income in her tax return, and that she typically spent \$85 a day on meals and incidental expenses (for example, by reference to diary entries, bank records and receipts that she kept for some of the trips).

21. If Svetlana had spent more than the reasonable amount on meals and incidentals and wanted to claim the higher amount that she spent, she would need to get and keep all of the receipts.

22. If Svetlana's meal and incidental allowance was not shown on her payment summary and she fully spent the allowance, she can choose to leave it out of her tax return and not claim any deductions for the meals and incidentals that she purchases whilst travelling and working in Sale.

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Reasonable amounts for domestic travel expenses for employee truck drivers⁶

23. Reasonable amounts are given for meals (breakfast, lunch and dinner). The amounts are for all domestic travel destinations (that is, capital cities, regional and country centres). For the 2020–21 income year, the relevant amounts are as set out in Table 5a:

Breakfast	Lunch	Dinner
\$25.75	\$29.35	\$50.65

24. The amounts for each of these meal breaks are separate and cannot be aggregated into a single daily amount. This is of particular importance for the days on which travel commences and ends, when some meals may not be deductible because they are not consumed in the course of work travel. A driver's work diary (as maintained for fatigue management purposes) can be used to demonstrate when meal breaks were taken, since employee truck drivers may take meal breaks at different times of the day compared to other taxpayers. It should also be noted that amounts can't be moved from one meal to another (for example, if the full amount for breakfast is not expended, it cannot be carried over to lunch or dinner).

25. The deduction allowed for each meal is the amount actually spent and not simply the reasonable amount specified in paragraph 23 of this Determination. Although the formal substantiation requirements don't apply for claims up to the reasonable amount, taxpayers should still be able to demonstrate the basis for their claims. Example 3 of this Determination shows how this can be done.

26. All accommodation expenses and incidental expenses (for example, the cost of a shower) incurred by employee truck drivers as part of work-related travel must be substantiated with written evidence (for example, a receipt).

Example 3

27. *Glenn is an employee truck driver. He is required to drive from Melbourne, Victoria to Adelaide, South Australia. Glenn leaves Melbourne at 9.00pm, sleeps away from home overnight in his truck cab, then drives back to Melbourne the following day. Glenn is paid a travel allowance of \$40 for each day. These amounts are shown on his payment summary.*

28. *Glenn stops around midnight at a 24-hour truck stop in Horsham and spends \$25 on food and drink. He then continues to Adelaide where he snacks on a sandwich and fruit that he brought from home, before having a sleep in the truck cab. In the morning Glenn spends \$20 on food and drink at the truck stop where he parked overnight. After the truck is unloaded and reloaded Glenn heads to Bordertown, South Australia where he stops for lunch. Here he spends \$25 on food and drink. He then continues to Melbourne arriving at 5.00pm, snacking on almonds and water that he brought from home as he drives.*

29. *Because Glenn spent less than the reasonable amount for each of dinner, breakfast and lunch, he can claim a deduction for the full amount that he spent on those meals (\$70) and is not required to obtain and keep all of the receipts for these meals. He may still need to provide a reasonable explanation of the expenses and so the receipts could be useful in demonstrating a pattern (see paragraph 30 of this Determination).*

⁶ For further information on truck drivers refer to paragraphs 72 to 75 of TR 2004/6 and to Taxation Ruling TR 95/18 *Income tax: employee truck drivers-allowances, reimbursements and work-related deductions.*

30. *If Glenn's tax return is checked by the ATO he may be asked to explain his claim for these amounts. would need to show that he travelled to and from Adelaide (for example, his work diary), that he received an allowance for the meals for each day that he travelled, that he correctly declared this allowance as income in his tax return, and demonstrate his typical spending pattern on meals. This could be by reference to diary entries, bank records and receipts kept for some (a representative sample) of his trips.*

Reasonable amounts for overseas travel expenses

31. If you are travelling overseas and are away from your usual residence for six or more nights in a row, you must still keep travel records even if you rely on the reasonable amounts and don't have to substantiate your expenses. Travel records may include ticketing information, diary entries or other information setting out the nature of your travel, the day and time it began, how long it lasted and where you travelled.

32. Reasonable amounts are provided for three salary levels. Salary excludes any allowances received.

- Use Table 6 of this Determination if your salary is \$126,970 and below.
- Use Table 7 of this Determination if your salary is between \$126,971 and \$225,980.
- Use Table 8 of this Determination if your salary is \$225,981 or more.

33. Reasonable amounts are given for:

- meals (showing breakfast, lunch and dinner), and
- expenses incidental to travel.

Any expenditure on accommodation overseas must be fully substantiated.

34. Reasonable amounts are shown for cost groups to which a country has been allocated. Table 9 of this Determination sets out the cost group to which a country has been allocated.

35. If you travel to a country that is not shown in Table 9 of this Determination, use the reasonable amount for Cost Group 1 in the table relevant to your salary range.

36. If you travel to two or more countries in the same day, use the cost group of the country that is in the higher cost group in determining the reasonable amount for that day.

37. The reasonable amount for incidentals applies in full to each day of travel covered by the allowance, without the need to apportion for any part-day travel on the first and last day.

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38. The reasonable amounts for overseas travel expenses per day according to salary levels and cost groups for the 2020–21 income year are shown in Tables 6 to 9 of this Determination as follows:

Cost Group	Meals	Incidentals	Total
1	\$60	\$25	\$85
2	\$95	\$30	\$125
3	\$130	\$35	\$165
4	\$170	\$35	\$205
5	\$200	\$40	\$240
6	\$240	\$45	\$285

Cost Group	Meals	Incidentals	Total
1	\$75	\$25	\$100
2	\$110	\$35	\$145
3	\$150	\$40	\$190
4	\$190	\$45	\$235
5	\$240	\$50	\$290
6	\$295	\$50	\$345

Cost Group	Meals	Incidentals	Total
1	\$95	\$30	\$125
2	\$140	\$40	\$180
3	\$185	\$45	\$230
4	\$235	\$50	\$285
5	\$295	\$60	\$355
6	\$340	\$60	\$400

9.6 Policy (Review) - Councillor Expenses and Facilities

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Table 9: Table of countries							
Country	Cost Group	Country	Cost Group	Country	Cost Group	Country	Cost Group
Albania	2	Ecuador	4	Laos	3	Rwanda	3
Algeria	3	Egypt	3	Latvia	4	Saint Lucia	5
Angola	4	El Salvador	3	Lebanon	5	Saint Vincent	4
Antigua and Barbuda	6	Eritrea	4	Lithuania	3	Samoa	4
Argentina	2	Estonia	4	Luxembourg	5	Saudi Arabia	4
Armenia	3	Ethiopia	3	Macau	5	Senegal	4
Austria	5	Fiji	3	Malawi	3	Serbia	3
Azerbaijan	3	Finland	6	Malaysia	3	Sierra Leone	3
Bahamas	6	France	5	Mali	3	Singapore	6
Bahrain	5	French Polynesia	6	Malta	4	Slovakia	4
Bangladesh	4	Gabon	6	Mauritius	4	Slovenia	3
Barbados	6	Gambia	2	Mexico	3	Solomon Islands	4
Belarus	2	Georgia	2	Monaco	6	South Africa	2
Belgium	5	Germany	5	Morocco	4	Spain	5
Bermuda	6	Ghana	4	Mozambique	3	Sri Lanka	3
Bolivia	3	Gibraltar	4	Myanmar	3	Sudan	2
Bosnia	2	Greece	4	Namibia	2	Surinam	3
Brazil	3	Guatemala	4	Nepal	3	Sweden	5
Brunei	3	Guyana	4	Netherlands	5	Switzerland	6
Bulgaria	3	Hong Kong	5	New Caledonia	5	Taiwan	5
Burkina Faso	3	Hungary	3	New Zealand	4	Tanzania	3
Cambodia	1	Iceland	6	Nicaragua	3	Thailand	4
Cameroon	4	India	3	Nigeria	4	Tonga	3
Canada	4	Indonesia	3	North Macedonia	2	Trinidad and Tobago	6
Chile	3	Iran	1	Norway	6	Tunisia	2
China	5	Iraq	5	Oman	6	Turkey	3
Colombia	3	Ireland	5	Pakistan	2	Uganda	3
Congo Democratic Republic	4	Israel	6	Panama	4	Ukraine	3
Cook Islands	4	Italy	5	Papua New Guinea	4	United Arab Emirates	6
Costa Rica	4	Jamaica	4	Paraguay	2	United Kingdom	5
Cote D'Ivoire	5	Japan	5	Peru	4	United States of America	5
Croatia	3	Jordan	6	Philippines	3	Uruguay	3
Cuba	3	Kazakhstan	2	Poland	3	Vanuatu	4
Cyprus	4	Kenya	4	Portugal	4	Vietnam	3
Czech Republic	3	Korea	6	Puerto Rico	5	Zambia	2
Denmark	6	Kosovo	2	Qatar	6		
Dominican Republic	4	Kuwait	5	Romania	3		
East Timor	4	Kyrgyzstan	2	Russia	4		

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39. Prashant travels to China on business for two weeks and is paid a travel allowance of \$500 per day (made up of \$250 for meals and incidentals and \$250 for accommodation). Prashant's annual salary is \$191,000. Prashant usually spends \$250 per day on meals and incidentals and \$300 per night on accommodation when travelling in China. Prashant calculates the daily reasonable amount for his overseas travel as follows:

- Table 7 of this Determination applies because Prashant's salary is between \$126,971 and \$225,980
- Table 9 of this Determination lists China as Cost Group 5, and
- Table 7 of this Determination provides reasonable amounts for meals and incidental expenses for Cost Group 5 as \$240 per day for meals and \$50 per day for incidentals (that is, a total of \$290 per day).

40. Because Prashant has spent less than the reasonable amount on meals and incidentals, he can claim a deduction for the \$250 per day that he spends and he is not required to substantiate the expenditure (for example, get and keep all of the receipts for the meals and incidentals). Because he has spent more than six nights away in a row, Prashant must keep travel records for the two weeks he is in China. Prashant can claim a deduction for the \$300 per day he spends on accommodation but he must fully substantiate this expenditure (by getting and keeping a receipt or other documentary evidence of the expenditure).

41. If Prashant's tax return is checked by the ATO he may be asked to explain his claim for deduction. To do this Prashant would show he travelled to China for work, that he received an allowance for the meals and incidentals for each day he travelled, that he correctly declared this allowance as income in his tax return, and that he typically spent \$250 a day on meals and incidental expenses (for example, by reference to diary entries, bank records and some receipts that he kept).

42. If Prashant's travel allowances were not shown on his payment summary and he fully spent the allowance, he can choose to leave them out of his tax return and not claim any deductions for the meals and incidentals he purchases when travelling and working in China.

Date of effect

43. This Determination applies to the 2020–21 income year only. However, this Determination will not apply to taxpayers to the extent that it conflicts with the terms of settlement of a dispute agreed to before the date of issue of this Determination (see paragraphs 75 to 76 of Taxation Ruling TR 2006/10 *Public Rulings*).

Commissioner of Taxation
30 June 2020

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References

Previous draft:

Not previously issued as a draft

Previous Rulings/Determinations:

TD 2015/14; TD 2016/13; TD 2017/19;
TD 2018/11; TD 2019/11

Related Rulings/Determinations:

TR 95/18; TR 2004/6; TR 2006/10

Legislative references:

- ITAA 1997 Subdiv 900-B
- TAA 1953

ATO references

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Appendix IV: Information Technology Facilities for Councillors

The following Information Technology facilities will be provided to Councillors :

- Access to a Council email address in the format *firstname.lastname@ballina.nsw.gov.au*
- Access to Councillor document distribution platform (LG Hub)
- Access to Council's Microsoft 365 tenant (Word, Excel, Outlook, One Drive)
- Smartphone handset (Apple iPhone)
- Headset (Bluetooth)
- Tablet and keyboard (iPad Pro)
- Monochrome A4 laser printer

Council does not provide :

- Home internet/NBN connection